

## Speeding up Scientific Imaging Workflows: Design of an Automated Image Annotation Tool

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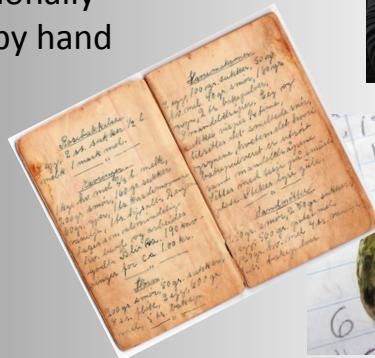


User Centered Computer Vision, UCCV 2013



## Visual Science

- Long history in Science (especially biology)
- Traditionally done by hand

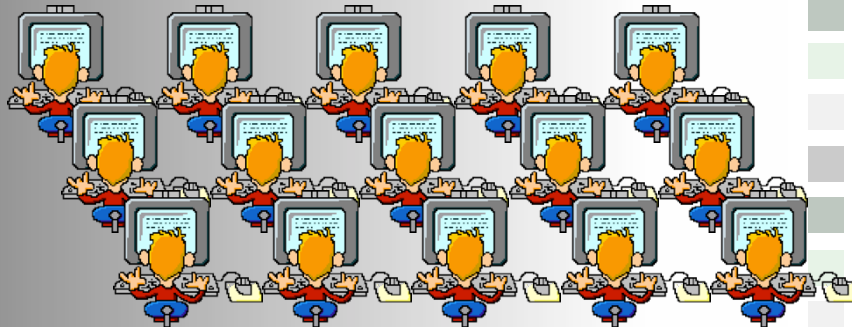


# How are digital images analyzed?



Graduate students are cheap...  
Undergraduates are even cheaper!

# Also, easy to run in parallel

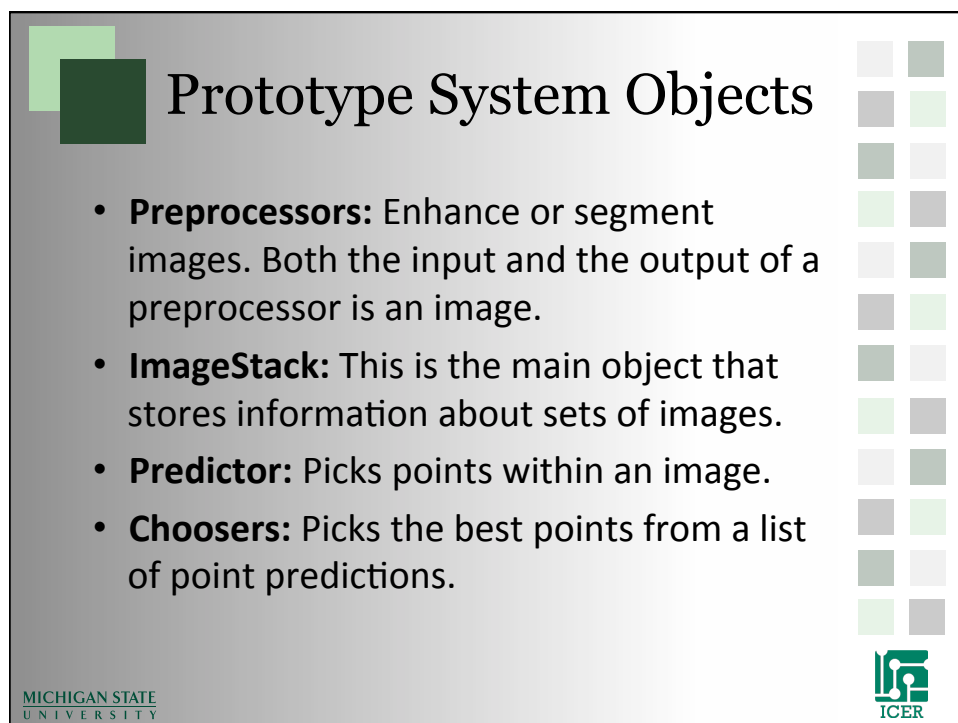
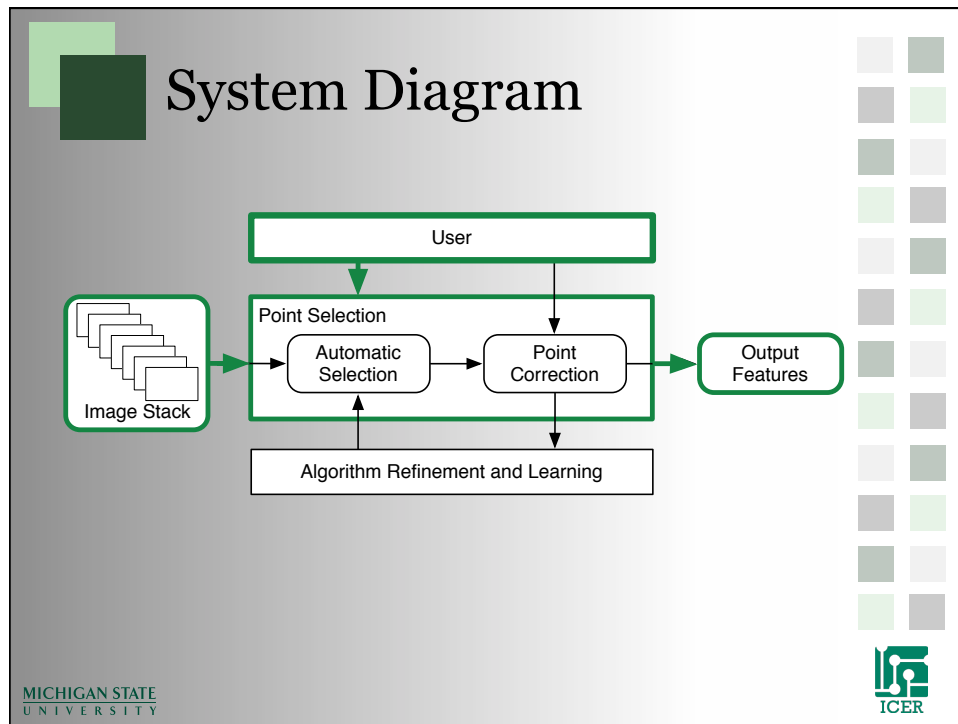


## Why is this hard?

- In order to automatically analyze images you need a new tool for every problem
  - Every domain is different
  - There is no one tool that will solve all problems
  - General tools (like ImageJ) need to be assembled to make automated tools
  - It takes time to develop domain specific tools
  - For many researchers it is just faster to “do it by hand”

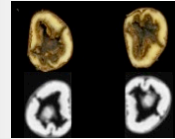
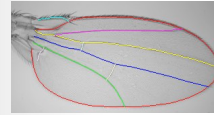
## Our Goal

- Focus on the workflow of making tools, not on the individual tools themselves
- Make it easier to make new tools
- Should not take longer than “doing it by hand”
- How?



# Example

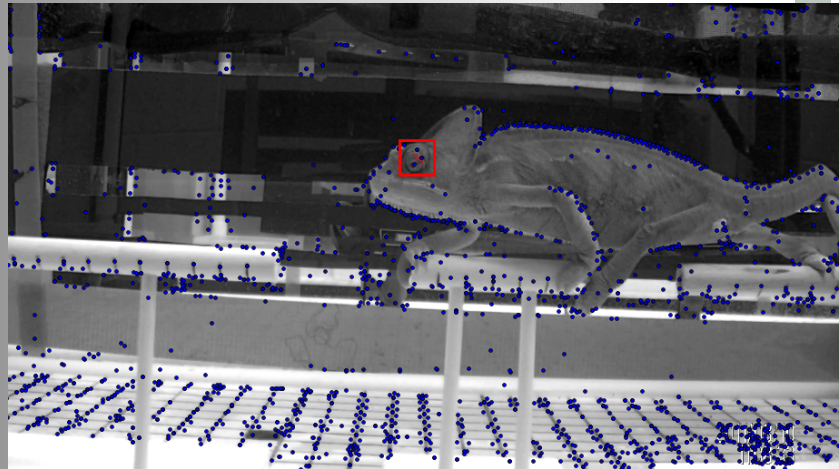
- Preliminary Point Pickers:
  - Kinetic
  - Template Matching
  - SIFT Features



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# Point tracking on Chameleons

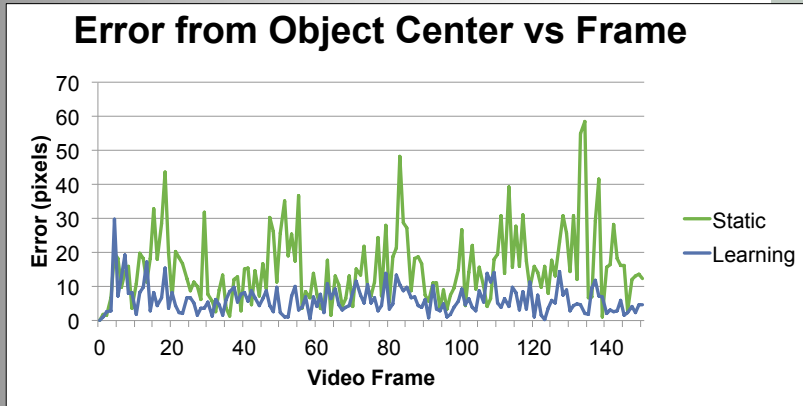


Patrick Korth, CSE University of Michigan

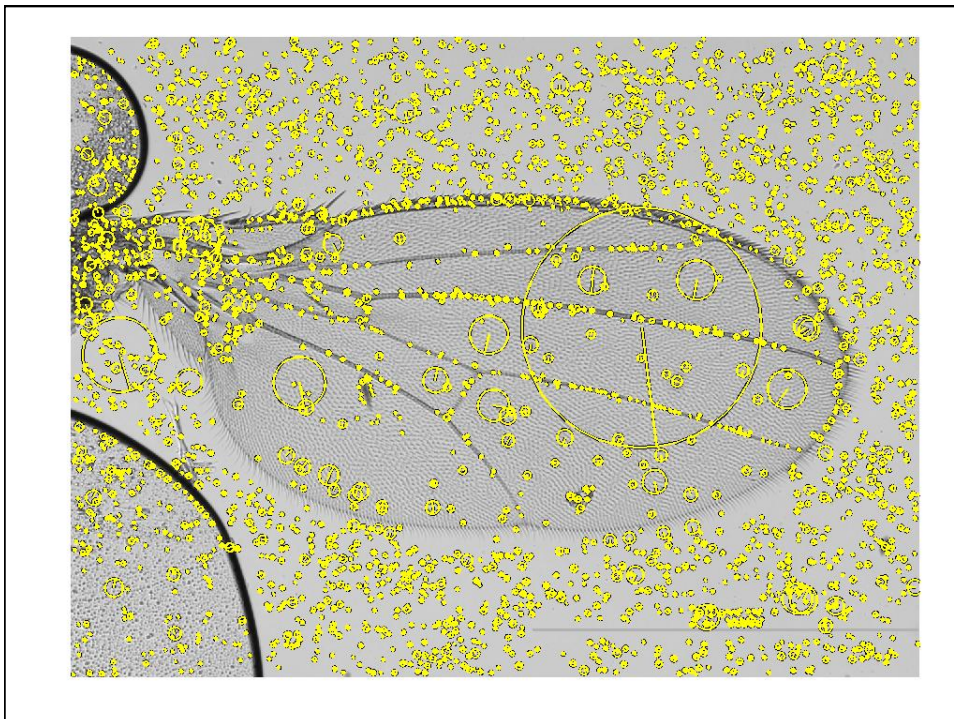
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# Preliminary SIFT Results



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## Future Challenges

- More pickers
- More projects
- More than just points
- Automated search though the algorithm space
- Automated tweaking of algorithm parameters
- Bigger datasets (Run on the HPC)in the background
- Intelligent feedback to the researchers

## Concluding Thoughts

- Researcher Centered Computer Vision
- Keep the Researcher “In The Loop”
- Should not take longer than manual task

Questions?